Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board Village of Hortonville Hortonville, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Hortonville (Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the component unit has not recorded all of its capital assets and has not recorded depreciation expense on the assets which were capitalized. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that all capital assets be recorded and depreciated, which would increase the assets, net position, and expenses of the component unit. The amount by which this departure from generally accepted accounting principles affects the assets, net position, and expenses of the discretely presented component unit is not reasonably determinable.

To the Village Board Village of Hortonville

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit" paragraph, the discretely presented component unit financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the Village as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Hortonville as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the Village adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions-Wisconsin Retirement System, schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) and employer contributions — other than post-employment benefits other than pensions — cost sharing plan, and budgetary comparison information for the general fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Hortonville's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management.

To the Village Board Village of Hortonville

The combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds, combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (deficits) – nonmajor governmental funds and schedule of water and wastewater utility operating revenues and expenses were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds, combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (deficits) – nonmajor governmental funds, and the schedule of water and wastewater utility operating revenue and expenses are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of detailed budgetary comparison – general fund has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

KerberRose SC
Certified Public Accountants
______, 2019



Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2018

	Primary Government			
		overnmental Activities		Business- Type Activities
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	2,397,617	\$	1,309,431
Receivables:				
Taxes		1,076,013		
Accounts		125,502		340,280
Special Assessments		165,547		10,224
Loans		224,272		
Other				24,382
Internal Balances		512,255		(512,255)
Inventories		4 005 450		2,068
Restricted Cash		1,095,453		861,569
Prepaid Expenses		23,868		-
Net Pension Asset		174,268		41,172
Capital Assets:		4 505 740		440.445
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,595,712		116,115
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	******	11,567,460		10,903,214
Total Assets		18,957,967		13,096,200
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		260,480		116,008
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other				
Post-Employment Benefits		5,591		1,321
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		266,071		117,329
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		218,841		77,031
Accrued Interest		11,846		10,341
Deposits		3,086		, <u> </u>
Unearned Revenues		, -		11,366
Long-Term Obligations:				
Due Within One Year		815,337		282,705
Due in More Than One Year		4,385,803		3,506,618
OPEB Liability		51,698		12,213
Total Liabilities		5,486,611		3,900,274
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		304,065		126,309
Deferred Inflows Related to Other				
Post-Employment Benefits		5,329		1,258
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		2,037,423		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		2,346,817		127,567
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		7,944,518		7,230,006
Restricted		1,745,528		892,440
Unrestricted		1,700,564		1,063,242
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	11,390,610	\$	9,185,688
		.,,		

	Primary Sovernment	Component Unit
	Total	Fire District
\$	2 707 040	\$ 59.129
φ	3,707,048	\$ 59,129
	1,076,013	-
	465,782	-
	175,771 224,272	•
	24,272	
		-
	2,068	-
	1,957,022	-
	23,868	-
	215,440	-
	1,711,827	1,191,273
	22,470,674	*
	32,054,167	1,250,402
	376,488	-
	E 040	
	6,912	
	383,400	-
	295,872	
	293,072	-
	3,086	
	11,366	-
	1,098,042	
	7,892,421	-
	63,911	
***************************************	9,386,885	_
	400 0 4	
	430,374	-
	6,587	-
	2,037,423	
	2,474,384	
	15,174,524	1,191,273
	2,637,968	-
	2,763,806	59,129
\$	20,576,298	\$ 1,250,402

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Program Revenues							
	***************************************		_	hausa fau		Operating		Camital
		5	C	harges for	_	rants and	٥-	Capital
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	b-112-111-12-11	Services		ntributions	<u> </u>	ntributions
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	789,026	\$	48,997	\$	520	\$	-
Public Safety		913,190		183,164		9,459		-
Public Works		874,166		142,834		118,287		418,937
Culture and Recreation		307,463		56,523		132,128		-
Health and Human Services		17,945		13,150		1,013		-
Conservation and Development		11,059		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		166,038		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		3,078,887		444,668		261,407		418,937
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Water and Wastewater Utility		1,216,012		1,488,782		-		*
COMPONENT UNIT								
Fire District		87,216		13,259	**********	103,664		
TOTAL	\$	4,382,115	\$	1,946,709	\$	365,071	\$	418,937

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Assets Including TIF

Other Taxes

Intergovernmental Revenues not Restricted to

Specific Programs

Investment Income

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

TRANSFERS

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR - RESTATED

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

1	let (Expenses) Changes in l					_	Component Unit
G	overnmental		ess-Type				Fire
	Activities	Act	ivities		Totals		District
	(_			(7700 700)		
\$	(739,509)	\$		\$	(739,509)	\$	-
	(720,567)		-		(720,567)		-
	(194,108)		-		(194,108)		*
	(118,812)		-		(118,812) (3,782)		-
	(3,782)		-		(11,059)		-
	(11,059) (166,038)		-		(166,038)		-
		-				*****	
	(1,953,875)			_	(1,953,875)	_	
			272,770		272,770		
		****	212,110		212,110	*******	····
	<u></u>		_				29,707
	(1,953,875)		272,770		(1,681,105)		29,707
		1.6	 	4	····		
	891,842		u		891,842		-
	636,745		_		636,745		-
	402,005		-		402,005		-
	6,575				6,575		-
	473,232		-		473,232		-
	20,229		12,043		32,272		-
	57,772		27,407		85,179		5,654
	2,488,400		39,450		2,527,850		5,654
*********	(6,903)		6,903				
	527,622	;	319,123		846,745		35,361
	10,862,988	8,8	866,565		19,729,553		1,215,041
\$	11,390,610	\$ 9,	185,688	\$	20,576,298	\$	1,250,402

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2018

		General	Debt Service	lm	Capital provements
ASSETS			 	***************************************	
Cash and Investments	\$	941,042	\$ 1,418,643	\$	20,473
Restricted Cash		435,988	309,543		5,072
Receivables					
Taxes		487,960	346,442		5,676
Accounts		125,502	-		-
Special Assessments		-	32,400		-
Loans		74,269	-		-
Prepaid Expenses		23,868	-		-
Due from Other Funds		204,351	62,159		166,481
Advance to Other Funds		•	 199,380		<u> </u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,292,980	\$ 2,368,567	\$	197,702
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$	76,170	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities		42,664	-		-
Deposits		2,886	-		
Advance from Other Fund		_			
Total Liabilities		121,720	 -		-
Deferred Inflows of Reources					
Special Assessments		-	32,400		<u>.</u>
Long-Term Receivables		74,269	-		-
Other Long-Term Loan Receivable		102,032	-		-
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		923,948	 655,985		10,748
Total Deferred Inflows of Reources	<u></u>	1,100,249	 688,385		10,748
Fund Balances (Deficits)					
Nonspendable		23,868	199,380		-
Restricted		-	1,480,802		-
Committed		-	-		-
Assigned		351,935	-		186,954
Unassigned		695,208	 -		_
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		1,071,011	 1,680,182		186,954
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF REOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	2,292,980	\$ 2,368,567	\$	197,702

	TID No. 2		TID No. 3		Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$		\$	17,459	\$	-	\$	2,397,617
	145,941		60,806		138,103		1,095,453
	163,337		68,054		4,544		1,076,013
	•		-		-		125,502
	133,147		-		-		165,547
	-		-		150,003		224,272
	_		-		-		23,868
	-				-		432,991
	271,266		23,370		19,006		513,022
\$	713,691	\$	169,689	\$	311,656	\$	6,054,285
\$		\$	1,695	\$	98,312	\$	176,177
Ф	•	Φ	1,095	Φ	90,312	φ	42,664
	•		200		_		3,086
	378,125		200		55,633		433,758
	378,125		1,895		153,945		655,685
E-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	370,123		1,000				
	133,147		-		-		165,547
	-		-		150,003		224,272
	-		-		-		102,032
	309,278		128,860		8,604		2,037,423
	442,425		128,860		158,607		2,529,274
	•				19,006		242,254
					134,043		1,614,845
	**		38,934		-		38,934
	•		-		-		538,889
	(106,859)		-		(153,945)		434,403
	(106,859)		38,934		(896)		2,869,325
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	***************************************					
\$	713,691	\$	169,689	\$	311,656	\$	6,054,285

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 2,869,325
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Governmental Capital Assets Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	20,775,461 (7,612,289)	13,163,172
The Village's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan, and other post-employment benefits are not available financial resources; therefore, they are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits		260,480 (304,065) 5,591 (5,329)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Long-Term Receivable Other Deferred Special Assessments		224,272 102,032 165,548
Pension asset is not available in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund financial statements.		174,268
Liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Long-term liabilities reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet. General Obligation Debt Other Post-Employment Benefits Vested Employee Benefits Accrued Sick Leave Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt	(5,097,911) (51,698) (34,184) (69,045) (11,846)	 (5,264,684)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 11,390,610

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		General		Debt Service	Imp	Capital provements		TID No. 2
REVENUES	•	000 447	•	000 745	•	47.070	•	200 444
Taxes	\$	898,417 715,018	\$	636,745	\$	17,979 15,000	\$	326,114 2,143
Intergovernmental		88,760		-		15,000		2,143
Licenses and Permits Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		35,661		-		•		•
•		238,113		•		400		•
Public Charges for Services		66,752		-		400		-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Special Assessments		66,752		85,327		•		-
Investment Income		14,551		3,984		-		•
Donations		14,551		3,504		418.937		-
Miscellaneous		7,848		-		4,951		13,900
				726.056		457,267		
Total Revenues		2,065,120		126,056		457,267		342,157
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		432,858		-		-		1,102
Public Safety		886,417		•		-		-
Public Works		423,485		-		102,790		2,486
Culture and Recreation		230,008		-		-		-
Health and Human Services		17,945		-		-		-
Conservation and Development		11,059		•		-		-
Capital Outlay		66,400		-		358,821		
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		-		743,542		13,675		•
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		168,282		559		-
Total Expenditures		2,068,172		911,824		475,845		3,588
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,052)		(185,768)		(18,578)		338,569
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							•	
Transfers in		33,097		103,246		_		
Transfers (Out)		(40,000)		-		_		(24,812)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(6,903)		103,246		-		(24,812)
· /		······································						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		(9,955)		(82,522)		(18,578)		313,757
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING		1,080,966		1,762,704		205,532		(420,616)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$	1,071,011	\$	1,680,182	\$	186,954	\$	(106,859)

 TID No. 3	Other Governmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 57,912	\$ -	\$	1,937,167
-	-		732,161
-			88,760
-	-		35,661
	-		238,513
-			66,752
-	-		85,327
•	1,711		20,246
-	•		418,937
 12,449	42,775		81,923
 70,361	44,486		3,705,447
-	129,304		563,265
-	•		886,417
42,023	-		570,784
-	-		230,008
	•		17,945
12,029	•		23,088
-	-		425,221
			757,217
 -			168,841
 54,052	129,304		3,642,786
16,309	(84,818)		62,661
 10,000	(04,070)		
•	-		136,343
(78,434)			(143,246)
 (78,434)	_		(6,903)
 (62,125)	(84,818)		55,758
 101,059	83,922		2,813,567
\$ 38,934	\$ (896)	\$	2,869,325

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances (Deficits) - Total Governmental Funds	\$	55,758
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	425,221 (486,043)	
Amount by which capital outlays are less than depreciation in the current period.		(60,822)
The Village disposed of outdated equipment resulting in a reduction of capital assets and recapture of prior year depreciation expenses reported on the statement of activities as a net loss and has no effect on the governmental funds changes in fund balances.		
The value of capital assets disposed of during the year The amount of depreciation recapture for the year Amount by which capital asset disposals are more than the	(110,873) 13,700	
accumulated depreciation on those assets in the current period.		(97,173)
Amounts related to the pension that do not use current financial resources and therefore, are not repoprted in the fund financial statements.		(25,636)
Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.		(4,414)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Special Assessments Municipal Court		(85,326) 14,912
Community Development Block Grant Loans		(21,616)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.		
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is		757,217
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits increased by		
Vested employee benefits paid in current year	65,761	
Vested employee benefits earned in current year Amounts paid are less than amounts earned by	(73,841)	(8,080)
In the governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred.	400.011	
The amount of interest paid during the current period	168,841 (166,039)	
The amount of interest accrued during the current period Interest paid is more than interest accrued by		2,802
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	527,622

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund As of December 31, 2018

	Water and Wastewater Utility
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,309,431
Customer Accounts Receivable	340,280
Prepaid Expenses	10,224
Other Accounts Receivable	24,382
Inventories	2,068
Total Current Assets	1,686,385
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Restricted Assets:	
Replacement Fund	416,823
Debt Retirement	444,746
Net Pension Asset	41,172
Capital Assets:	
Water	
Plant in Service	5,486,019
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,794,384)
Sewer	
Plant in Service	14,477,297
Accumulated Depreciation	(7,149,603)
Total Non-Current Assets	11,922,070
Total Assets	13,608,455
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	116,008
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	1,321
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	117,329
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	282,705
Accounts Payable	71,865
Due to Other Funds	18,239
Accrued Payroll	5,166
Accrued Interest	10,341
Unearned Revenues	11,366
Total Current Liabilities	399,682
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Other Post-Employment Benefits	12,213
Advances from Other Fund	494,016
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	3,506,618
Total Non-Current Liabilities	4,012,847
Total Liabilities	4,412,529
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	126,309
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	1,258
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	127,567
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,230,006
Restricted	892,440
Unrestricted	1,063,242
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,185,688

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Water and Wastewater Utility
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 1,488,782
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Operation and Maintenance	632,653
Depreciation	474,121
Taxes	20,537
Total Operating Expenses	1,127,311
OPERATING INCOME	361,471
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Rental Income	27,407
Investment Income	12,043
Interest Expense	(88,701)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(49,251)
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	312,220
TRANSFER OUT	(33,097)
TRANSFERS IN	40,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	319,123
NET POSITION - BEGINNING - RESTATED	8,866,565
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 9,185,688

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 1,489,964
Cash Paid to Other Funds for Services	(268,594)
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(391,610)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(165,750)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	664,010
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers to Other Funds	(33,097)
Transfers from Other Funds	40,000
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	6,903
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Rental Income Received	27,407
Investment Income Received	12,043
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	39,450
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(141,471)
Debt Proceeds	301,547
Principal Paid	(275,618)
Payment to Other Funds on Advance	191,847
Interest Paid	(89,311)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(13,006)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	697,357
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING	1,473,643
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	\$ 2,171,000
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	Ψ 2, 171,000
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS PER CASH FLOWS	
Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$ 1,309,431
Restricted Cash and Investments	861,569
CASH AND INVESTMENTS PER STATEMENT OF	
CASH FLOWS	\$ 2,171,000

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	\$	361,471
Non-Cash Items Included in Income:		
Depreciation		474,121
Change in Non-Cash Components of Working Capital:		
Accounts Receivable		1,182
Other Accounts Receivable		32,762
Prepaid Expenses		(10,224)
Inventories		346
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(20,701)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		(1,321)
Accounts Payable		65,159
Other Liabilities		690
Due to Other Funds		(268,594)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		79,090
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,258
Net Pension Asset		(11,161)
OPEB Liability		1,104
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	664,010

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of December 31, 2018

	Fiduciary Funds			
	Library Donation Fund		Agency	
ASSETS				
Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	3,723	\$	1,216,318
Taxes Receivable		-		1,361,309
Due from Other Funds		1,144		-
Total Assets		4,867		2,577,627
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Taxing Units		-		2,577,627
NET POSITION				
Restricted	\$	4,867	\$	-

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Library Donation Fund
REVENUES Donations	\$ 4,570
EXPENSES Capital Outlay	719
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,851
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,016
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 4,867

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Hortonville (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements, except for the discretely presented component unit not recording all of its capital assets and depreciation expense on the capital assets which were capitalized. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

The Village's basic financial statements include a fire district component unit. The criterion for including a legally separate organization as a component unit is the degree of financial accountability and fiscal dependency the Village has with the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship needs to be present between the primary government and that of the organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit.

The financial statements include the Hortonville/Hortonia Fire District (District) as a component unit. The District is a legally separate organization established in December 1997 to provide public fire protection to the two communities. Existing fire equipment of both communities was transferred to the newly formed District. However, the District has elected not to depreciate these assets and it has not capitalized subsequent assets. Costs of the District are shared based on equalized values. The five member Board of Commissioners consists of two members from each community plus a fifth member selected by the Board. The District is fiscally dependent on the municipalities, which must approve rates charged and debt issued. As a component unit, the District's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not issued.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments for charges which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are identified as either general, special revenue, debt service or capital projects funds based upon the following guidelines.

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Business-Type Activities

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, or (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Because by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (such as other local governments) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Private-purpose Trust funds are used to account for resources legally held in a trust. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support the organization.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Major Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - which accounts for the Village's primary operating activities.

Debt Service Fund - which accounts for the Village's resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

Capital Improvements Fund - which accounts for proceeds from long-term borrowing and other resources to be used for capital improvement projects.

Tax Incremental Financing District No. 2 (TID No. 2) Fund - which accounts for the expenditures outlined in the TID project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing.

Tax Incremental Financing District No. 3 (TID No. 3) Fund - which accounts for the expenditures outlined in the TID project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Wastewater Utility - which operates the water distribution system and operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Non-Major Funds

The Village reports the following non-major funds:

Capital Projects Funds –
Tax Incremental District No. 4
Tax Incremental District No. 5

Special Revenue Funds –
Housing and Neighborhood Conservation
Wisconsin Development Fund Grant

Fiduciary Funds

The Village reports the following private purpose trust fund:

Library Donations Fund - which accounts for funds used for books or improvements to the library.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

The Village reports the following agency fund:

Tax Collection Fund - which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund and private purpose trust fund financial statements. The agency fund has no measurement focus and uses the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Cash and Investments

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

The Village also has funds invested in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool.

Restricted Cash

Governmental Funds - Certain assets of the governmental funds are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted for subsequent year expenditures and tax collections for the subsequent year budget as well as cash that has been set aside for future residential home improvements.

Enterprise Fund - Cash has been set aside to provide for debt retirement and replacement of certain water and sewer utility plant equipment.

Fiduciary Funds - Cash has been set aside to provide for the Library Expendable Trust Fund and advance tax collections of other taxing units.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

Inventories

Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work and are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction or operations and maintenance expense when used. Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased.

Special Assessments

Special assessments consist of capital projects constructed through non-special assessment debt. In governmental fund financial statements, special assessments are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources when the related capital outlays are made and are recorded as revenues when due and payable. In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds, special assessments are recorded as receivables and capital contribution revenue when the capital outlays are made. All special assessments are due when billed and may be paid on an installment basis with interest. Special assessment receivables that become delinquent are added to the general tax roll. The method of enforcing collections is the same as for general Village taxes.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,500 or higher for governmental activities. Infrastructure improvements with a cost of \$20,000 or more are capitalized. For business-type activities, the threshold for capitalization is based on the Wisconsin Public Service Commission. Both also have an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements.

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the Village are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years				
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Buildings	20 - 40	20 - 50			
Improvements	10 - 20	20 - 100			
Property, Machinery and Equipment	2 - 15	4 - 10			
Infrastructure	20 - 50	**			

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village has five items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, pension plan – differences between expected and actual experiences, pension plan – changes in actuarial assumptions, pension plan – employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, OPEB – changes in actuarial assumptions, and OPEB – Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The government-wide financial statement has six items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, taxes levied for subsequent year, pension plan – differences between expected and actual experiences, pension plan – net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, pension plan – changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution, OPEB – differences between expected and actual experiences and OPEB – changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is reported in the statement of net position. The governmental funds report taxes levied for subsequent year, special assessments and other long-term receivables as deferred inflows of resources on the balance sheet.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for the governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds and premium are reported as an other financing source, and payments of principal and interest as expenditures. In governmental funds and government-wide statements, debt issuance costs are reported as expenditures/expenses.

Compensated Absences

The Village's policy allows employees to earn varying amounts of vacation pay for each year employed. Upon retirement or termination of employment, the employee is entitled to payment in cash for any unused vacation. Vacation payments are on the basis of salary levels at time of termination.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Continued)

Accrued vacation pay is recognized as an expenditure in governmental funds when liquidated with expendable available financial resources. At year end, accrued vacation pay that will not be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as a liability in the statement of net position. This liability includes gross pay as well as payroll taxes and retirement contributions. Sick leave is earned at 12 sick days per year to a maximum of 60 days. Sick leave is paid out at a maximum of 50% accrued upon honorable retirement/termination of employment. Sick leave is recorded as an expenditure or expense when paid. No accumulated amount is recorded in the statements of net position.

Vacation is earned and taken based on an employee's anniversary year, not a calendar year. Accumulated vacation carryover as of December 31, 2018 is estimated to be \$34,184.

Regulated Municipal Utility

Hortonville Water Utility operates under service rules which are established by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin. Rates charged are regulated by the Commission. The accounting records of the utility are maintained in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Public Service Commission.

The Hortonville Wastewater Utility is not regulated.

Water and wastewater revenues are recorded based on actual service rendered; billings are made to customers through quarterly billings.

Basis for Existing Rates

Water Utility – The Public Service Commission of Wisconsin approved a water rate increase in March 2016 and is designed to provide a 6.25% return on rate base.

Wastewater Utility - During January 2016, the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin approved the deregulation of the wastewater utility and the current rates are approved by the utility board.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncement are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or
 other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on the use either by
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or,
 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted component of net position Net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance, in the general fund, represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. The Village has not delegated that authority to others. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance, in the general fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The Village, unless otherwise required by law or agreements, spends funds in the following order: restricted first, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The Village has adopted a minimum fund balance policy. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 30% of general fund operating expenditures (less capital and debt service costs) for cash flow purposes, unanticipated non-reoccurring expenditures or to meet unanticipated revenue decreases or unexpected increases in service delivery costs. In the event the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Village will replenish the deficiency by reducing recurring expenditures to eliminate the deficiency, increase revenues or funding sources, or a combination of those options within the next fiscal year if possible.

Housing and Neighborhood Conservation and Wisconsin Development Loans Receivable

The Village has received federal grant funds for housing and neighborhood development loan programs to various residents. The Village records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and the funds have been disbursed.

Implementation of New Accounting Standard

Statement Number 75 issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) establishes requirements for governments that provide their employees with OPEB through a trust and replaces GASB Statement Number 45 for those government employers. The most significant change is that governments will now be required to recognize their net OPEB liability, which is the difference between the total OPEB liability (the portion of the present value of the projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods) and the value of OPEB assets available to pay benefits. Additional note disclosures are required. This requirement also applies to cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans and plans that are not administered through a trust. The statement mirrors the pension requirements of GASB Statement Number 68. Most changes in the net OPEB liability will be included in the current period expense. Other components, such as changes in economic assumptions, will be recognized over a closed period equal to the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided benefits. Differences between expected and actual investment rate of return will be recognized in expense over a five-year period.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
 district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park
 district, or the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

At December 31, 2018, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$6,102,214. The Village maintains its cash accounts at four financial institutions. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and noninterest bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2018, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2018:

Fully insured deposits	\$ 1,037,338
Uninsured	 5,064,876
Total	\$ 6,102,214

For all deposits and investments shown, the market value at the balance sheet date is substantially the same as the carrying value. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2018.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and does not publish credit quality ratings. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with any bank and is neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the United States Government or any state governmental agency of the Fund. Upon demand, cash can be withdrawn with interest from the Local Government Investment Pool. Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are valued at amortized cost. The balance in the local government investment pool at December 31, 2018 was \$284,927.

Investments in the local government investment pool are not insured against losses arising from principal defaults on securities acquired by the pool.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Property Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Hortonville Area School District, Fox Valley Technical College, Outagamie County, Black Otter Lake District and the State of Wisconsin.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

Under 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivable, Payables and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Village as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Water and Sewer Utility	\$ 204,351	Year End Cash Flow Timing
General Fund	Library Donation Fund	1,144	Year End Cash Flow Timing
Debt Service	General Fund	62,159	Year End Cash Flow Timing
Capital Improvements Fund	General Fund	 166,481	Year End Cash Flow Timing
		\$ 434,135	

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018, are as follows:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Water and Sewer Utility	\$ 33,097	Property Tax Equivalent
Water and Sewer Utility	General Fund	40,000	Sanitary Benefit Charge
Debt Service Fund	TID No. 2	24,812	Share of Debt Service Requirements
Debt Service Fund	TID No. 3	 78,434	Share of Debt Service Requirements
		\$ 176,343	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 5 - Long-Term Advances

Long-term advances at December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Advance From	Advance To	 Balance	Purpose
TID No. 2	Water and Sewer Utility	\$ 271,266	Advanced for Capital Projects
TID No. 3	Water and Sewer Utility	23,370	Advanced for Capital Projects
Water and Sewer Utility	TID No. 4	28,351	Advanced for Capital Projects
Wisconsin Development Fund Grant	General Fund	19,006	Advanced for Capital Projects
Debt Service Fund	Water and Sewer Utility	 199,380	Advanced for Capital Projects
		\$ 541,373	

Note 6 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2018 totaled \$3,177,063 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes:

Cavamantal Eunda			
Governmental Funds:	•	407.000	Advance tay collections to finance 2010 enerations
General Fund	\$	435,988	Advance tax collections to finance 2019 operations
Debt Service		309,543	Advance tax collections to finance 2019 operations
Capital Improvments		5,072	Advance tax collections to finance 2019 operations
TID No. 2		145,941	Advance tax collections to finance 2019 operations
TID No. 3		60,806	Advance tax collections to finance 2019 operations
TID No. 4		4,060	Advance tax collections to finance 2019 operations
Housing and Neighborhood Conservation		23,998	Future residential home improvements
Wisconsin Development Fund Grant		110,045	Future residential home improvements
Total Governmental Funds		1,095,453	
Fiduciary Funds:			
Private Purpose Trust		3,723	Library Donation Fund
Agency		1,216,318	Advance tax collections for other taxing jurisdictions
Total Fiduciary Funds		1,220,041	
Enterprise Funds:			
Water and Sewer Utility		444,746	To reserve funds for debt retirement
Water and Sewer Utility		416,823	To provide funds for equipment to maintain plant capacity
Total Enterprise Funds		861,569	
Total Restricted Assets	_\$	3,177,063	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

		Balance 1/1/18	lr	ncreases	De	ecreases	Ad <u>.</u>	justments		Balance 12/31/18
Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets not Being										
Depreciated:										
Land and Improvements	\$	1,662,653	\$	•	\$	(96,208)	\$	-	\$	1,566,445
Construction in Progress		48,491		-		-		(19,224)		29,267
Total Capital Assets Not										
Being Depreciated		1,711,144		-		(96,208)		(19,224)		1,595,712
Other Capital Assets:										
Buildings and Improvements		3,932,385				=		-		3,932,385
Improvements other than										
Buildings		371,420		-		•		-		371,420
Machinery and Equipment		1,204,905		24,330		(14,665)		44,564		1,259,134
Infrastructure		13,121,410		400,891		-		94,509		13,616,810
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated		18,630,120		425,221		(14,665)		139,073		19,179,749
Total Capital Assets		20,341,264		425,221		(110,873)		119,849		20,775,461
Less Accumulated										
Depreciation for:										
Buildings and Improvements		(670,685)		(86,201)		-		-		(756,886)
Improvements other than										
Buildings		(263,154)		(8,784)		-		-		(271,938)
Machinery and Equipment		(728,252)		(84,352)		13,700		(18,703)		(817,607)
Infrastructure		(5,446,157)		(306,706)		-		(12,995)		(5,765,858)
Total Accumulated								(0 (000)		(2.0.000)
Depreciation		(7,108,248)		(486,043)		13,700		(31,698)		(7,612,289)
Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets, Net of	.	40 000 040	œ	(en nan)	æ	/O7 470\	¢.	00 454	œ	10 160 170
Accumulated Depreciation	\$	13,233,016	\$	(60,822)	\$	(97,173)	\$	88,151	\$	13,163,172

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued):

Business-Type Activities

		Balance 1/1/18		Additions	De	eletions		Balance 12/31/18	
Water Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	13,166	\$	_	\$		\$	13,166	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Property and Equipment		5,403,706	<u> </u>	86,925		(17,778)		5,472,853	
Total Capital Assets		5,416,872		86,925		(17,778)		5,486,019	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,686,464)	 	(122,535)	****	14,615		(1,794,384)	
Net Utility Plant	\$	3,730,408	\$	(35,610)	\$	(3,163)	\$	3,691,635	
Wastewater Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$	102,949 -	\$	- 1,784	\$	- -	\$	102,949 1,784	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		102,949		1,784				104,733	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Property and Equipment	 	14,328,322		52,762		(8,520)	***************************************	14,372,564	
Total Capital Assets		14,431,271		54,546		(8,520)		14,477,297	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(6,806,537)	2 /////////	(351,586)	#1212M	8,520		(7,149,603)	
Net Utility Plant	\$	7,624,734	\$	(297,040)	\$	•	\$	7,327,694	
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:									
Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation					\$	75,294 39,335 345,861 25,553			
Total Governmental Activitie	s De _l	oreciation Exp	ense		\$	486,043			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities Water Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation Less: Share of Meter Depreciation	\$	122,535 (5,899)
Water Depreciation Expense		116,636
Wastewater Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation Plus: Share of Meter Depreciation		351,586 5,899
Wastewater Depreciation Expense		357,485
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	_\$	474,121

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2018:

December 31, 2010.		Balance 1/1/18	Increases Decre		ecreases	Balance 12/31/18		Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt: Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	5,841,453	\$	-	\$	743,542	\$	5,097,911	\$	757.513
·	Ψ	0,041,100	*		•		•	-,,	,	,
Other Liabilities:										
Lease Payable		13,675		-		13,675		-		-
Net OPEB Liability		47,024		9,084		4,410		51,698		-
Vested Sick Leave		61,360		41,047		33,362		69,045		37,314
Vested Compensated										
Absences		33,789		32,794		32,399		34,184		20,510
Total Governmental							_			
Activities	\$	5,888,917	\$	32,794	\$	789,616	\$	5,252,838	\$	815,337

Interest during the year on long-term debt totaled \$168,841 for governmental funds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

	Balance 1/1/18	lr	ncreases	D	ecreases	Balance 12/31/18	 ue Within Ine Year
Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds	 0.750.001				054.700	0.504.405	000 000
Payable	\$ 3,758,834	\$	-	\$	254,709	\$ 3,504,125	\$ 260,020
Notes Payable	-		301,547		16,350	285,197	22,685
Other Liabilities:							
Lease Payable	4,559		-		4,559	-	-
Net OPEB Liability	 11,109		2,146	RAMINE TANKS	1,042	 12,213	 -
Total Business-Type							
Activities	\$ 3,774,553	\$	301,547	\$	275,618	\$ 3,801,535	\$ 282,705

Interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$89,311 for the business-type activities.

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original debtedness	Balance 12/31/18
Governmental Activities					
2013 General Obligation Bonds 2014 Note Payable 2014 State Trust Fund Loan 2016 General Obligation Bonds 2016 Note Payable 2017 Note Payable 2017 Note Payable	12/31/13 01/10/14 01/28/14 06/08/16 02/10/16 08/23/17 12/14/17	12/01/33 01/01/24 03/15/23 05/01/21 02/10/19 08/23/20 12/14/21	0.6%-4.4% 3.25% 3.75% 0.8%-1.25% 3.00% 3.00% 2.75%	\$ 3,970,000 564,205 460,679 1,715,000 27,421 27,240 228,979	\$ 3,350,000 414,153 277,667 865,000 1,587 15,435 174,069
Total Governmental Activities					\$ 5,097,911
Business-Type Activities					
2010 Revenue Bonds 2018 Note Payable Total Business-Type Activities	05/12/10 03/27/18	05/01/30 03/27/29	2.085% 4.250%	\$ 5,533,330 301,547	\$ 3,504,125 285,197 3,789,322

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued):

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Government Type Long-Term Debt				Busine Long-Te			Totals			
	F	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	757,513	\$	154,744	\$	282,705	\$	82,032	\$	1,040,218	\$	236,776
2020		622,815		142,758		289,087		75,602		911,902		218,360
2021		476,654		131,409		295,668		68, 9 54		772,322		200,363
2022		285,579		121,652		302,388		62,175		587,967		183,827
2023		289,268		112,833		309,272		55,231		598,540		168,064
2024-2028		1,299,300		406,449		1,655,661		165,908		2,954,961		572,357
2029-2033		1,366,782		179,230		654,551		13,598		2,021,333		192,828
	\$	5,097,911	\$	1,249,075	\$	3,789,332	\$	523,500	\$	8,887,243	\$	1,772,575

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the above schedule.

The 2018 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$199,760,600. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2018, in accordance with Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt Limit (5% of \$199,760,600)	\$ 9,988,030
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	(5,383,108)
Add Debt Service Restricted Fund Balance	1,418,643
Remaining Margin of Indebtedness Available	\$ 6,023,565

Utility Revenues Pledged

The Village has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the sewer system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the utility. The bonds are payable from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2030. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,504,125 and \$523,500, respectively. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer revenues were \$271,059, \$74,974 and \$945,906, respectively.

The sewer system revenue bonds contain debt covenants related to minimum debt coverage and reserve funds. The Village was in compliance with these covenants as of December 31, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 9 - Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2018 includes the following:

	Governmental		Βι	ısiness-Type	Total	
Net Investment in Capital Assets						
Net Capital Assets	\$	13,163,172	\$	11,019,329	\$ 24,182,501	
Less: Related Long-Term Debt Outstanding		(5,218,654)		(3,789,323)	 (9,007,977)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets		7,944,518		7,230,006	15,174,524	
Net Position Restricted For						
Debt Service		1,480,802		444,746	1,925,548	
Equipment Replacement Fund		_		416,823	416,823	
Long-Term Loans		134,043		-	134,043	
Pension Benefits		130,683		30,871	161,554	
Total Restricted		1,745,528		892,440	2,637,968	
Unrestricted		1,700,564	<u> </u>	1,063,242	 2,763,806	
Total Net Position - Government-Wide Statements	\$	11,390,610	\$	9,185,688	\$ 20,576,298	

Fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet at December 31, 2018 are classified as follows:

Nonspendable	
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 23,868
Advances to Other Funds	
Wisconsin Development Fund Grant	19,006
Debt Service	 199,380
Total Nonspendable	 242,254
Restricted	
Housing and Neighborhood Conservation	23,998
Wisconsin Development Fund Grant	110,045
Debt Service	 1,480,802
Total Restricted Fund Balance	1,614,845
Committed	
Tax Incremental District No. 3	 38,934

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 9 - Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned		
General Fund		
Cemetery Maintenance	\$	49,427
Water Extension Replacement		64,905
Dam Inspection		6,000
Village Community Sign		2,500
Reassessment		15,000
Otto Miller Park		53,027
Veterans Memorial Park		4,492
Police Department Radios		3,813
Public Safety Grant/Donations		4,635
Facade Loan FD		20,032
Comprehensive Plan		14,366
Boat Launch		11,542
Library		3,957
Accounting/Payroll/Utility Program		40,000
Municipal Building/Library		1,484
Urban Forestry		9,988
Events and Downtown Improvements		8,169
Senior Activities		603
Levy Stabilization/Emergency Response		37,706
Ambulance Subsidy	P8-12-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	289
Total General Fund	*************	351,935
Capital Improvements Fund		186,954
Total Assigned Fund Balance		538,889
Unassigned		
General Fund		695,208
Tax Incremental District No. 2		(106,860)
Tax Incremental District No. 4		(141,587)
Tax Incremental District No. 5		(12,358)
Total Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficits)	 	434,403
Total Governmental Funds Fund Balance	\$	2,850,319

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net

position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds. The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and & Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$60,202 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2018 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers)	6.8%	6.8%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	10.6%

Pension Asset (Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported an asset of \$215,440 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.00725599%, which was an increase of 0.00017028% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Village recognized pension expense of \$91,297.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 273,719	\$ 128,037
Changes in actuarial assumptions	42,567	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	296,104
Changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	6,233
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 60,202 376,488	\$ 430,374

The \$60,202 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows of Resources	i)
2019	\$ 21,154	
2020	(3,836	(
2021	(75,461)
2022	(56,457)
2023	512	
	\$ (114,088)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2016
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.2%
Discount Rate:	7.2%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	2.1%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2012 – 2014. The total pension asset at December 31, 2017 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Current Asset	Destination Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	Allocation %	Return %	of Return %
Global Equities	50.0	45.0	8.3	5.4
Fixed Income	24.5	37.0	4.2	1.4
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	20.0	4.3	1.5
Real Estate	8.0	7.0	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	8.0	7.0	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4.0	4.0	6.6	3.7
Total Core Fund	110.0%	120.0%	7.4%	4.5%
Variable Fund Asset Class				
U.S. Equities	70.0%	70.0%	7.6%	4.7%
International Equities	30.0	30.0	8.5	5.6
Total Variable Fund	100.0%	100.0%	7.9%	5.0%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75%
Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability (asset). This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long-term bond rate of 3.78%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	to Discount	Discount Rate	To Discount
	Rate (6.20%)	(7.20%)	Rate (8.20%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 557,414	(\$ 215,440)	(\$ 802,831)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Payables to the Pension Plan

The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. The amount due to the pension plan as of December 31, 2018 was \$12,182.

Note 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

Plan Description. The State Retiree Life Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan (Plan). Plan benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Benefits Provided. The Plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution Rates as of December 31, 2018 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	28% of employee contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates For the year ended December 31, 2017

Attained Age	<u> </u>	asic
Under 30	\$	0.05
30-34		0.06
35-39		0.07
40-44		0.08
45-49		0.12
50-54		0.22
55-59		0.39
60-64		0.49
65-69		0.57

During the reporting period, the Plan recognized \$403 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$63,911 for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the total OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.02124300%, which was a decrease of 0.002701% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,891.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	-	\$	900
Changes in actuarial assumptions		6,176		_
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		736		-
Changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate				E 607
share of contributions		<u>-</u>		5,687
	\$	6,912	\$	6,587

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	121
	121
	121
	121
	(63)
	(96)
\$	325
	Res

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	January 1, 2017 December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	3.44%
Long-Term Expected Rated of Return:	5.00%
Discount Rate:	3.63%
Salary Increases	
Inflation:	3.20%
Seniority/Merit:	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the plan are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the plan based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier quarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2017

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
US Government Bond	Barclays Government	1%	1.13%
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	65%	2.61%
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	3%	3.08%
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	31%	2.19%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-Term Expected I	Rate of Return		5.00%

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 3.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient.

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.63 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.63 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.63 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Disc	ount Rate	1% Increase			
	(2	2.63%)	(;	3.63%)	(4.63%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	90,331	\$	63,911	\$	43,637		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm

Payables to the OPEB Plan

As of December 31, 2018, the District had no outstanding payables to the OPEB plan.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 12 - Tax Incremental Districts (TID)

The Village has established capital projects funds for Tax Incremental District No. 2, Tax Incremental District No. 3, Tax Incremental District No. 4, and Tax Incremental District No. 5 created by the Village in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. At the time the Districts were created, the property tax base within the District was "frozen" and increment taxes resulting from increases to the property tax base are used to finance such improvements, including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the Village to finance such improvements. Except for certain exceptions, the Statutes allow eighteen years after its creation date for a tax incremental financing district to incur project costs eligible for financing from tax increments. The Village's Districts were created on September 7, 2000, September 19, 2013, March 9, 2017 and March 9, 2017 and the final year to incur costs are 2019, 2028, 2032 and 2032, respectively. Unless terminated by the Village prior thereto, the TID's have statutory termination years of 2023, 2033, 2037 and 2037, respectively. In July 2011 TID No. 2 was designated as distressed. This designation extended the life of TID No. 2 by ten years with a new termination date of September 7, 2033.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past year.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Village is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Village management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2018, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Village's financial position.

Funds for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature, through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

The Village has entered into a contract for engineering services for the design and construction oversight of the Grandview Road Project for approximately \$37,000.

The Village has entered into a contract for the reconstruction of Grandview Road for approximately \$661,000.

The Village has entered into a contract for engineering services a construction for the Brookwood Drive extension project for approximately \$350,000.

Note 15 - Component Unit

The Hortonville and Hortonia Fire District is included as a component unit in a discrete column on the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The District is organized under Sections 61.65 and 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes and provides fire protection for properties located within the Village of Hortonville and the Town of Hortonia. The following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except it does not record all capital assets nor does it record depreciation on its capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 16 - Component Unit (Continued)

Cash

At December 31, 2018, the District's bank balance of cash was \$59,129. The District maintains its cash accounts at two financial institutions. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and noninterest bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2018, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2018:

Fully insured deposits \$ 59,129

For all deposits and investments shown, the market value at the balance sheet date is substantially the same as the carrying value. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2018.

Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended at December 31, 2018 follows:

	Balance				Balance		
	 1/1/18	Inci	eases	Decreases		12/31/18	
Equipment	\$ 1,191,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,191,273

The Fire District does not record depreciation on its capital assets.

Operating Grants and Contributions

Operating grants and contributions includes annual operating subsidies and fire insurance dues from the three governments in the amount of \$61,013 from the Village of Hortonville, \$38,211 from the Town of Hortonia, and \$3,600 from the Town of Liberty.

Note 17 - Negative Fund Balances

TID No. 2	\$	106,859
TID No. 4	•	141,587
TID No. 5		12,358
Total	\$ 2	260,804

These deficit fund balances will be corrected with subsequent years' revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 18 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is on whether the government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. If an activity meets the criteria, it should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements and a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position should be presented. Four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable, include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. If an event occurs that compels a government to disburse fiduciary resources, a liability must be recognized to the beneficiaries. The pronouncement will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The pronouncement will be effective for years ending December 31, 2020.

The Village is evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Note 19 - Restatement of Beginning Net Position

The restatement of net position in the government-wide financial statements was the result of the Village's implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, to adjust the beginning balances of capital assets due to the Village's appraisal company including water and sewer assets in the Village's report and to adjust the beginning balance for sick leave as it is material.

Net Position - Governmental Funds - December 31, 2017 (as previously reported)	\$	10,883,212
Construction in Progress, Machinery and Equipment and Infrastructure		119,849
Accumulated Depreciation		(31,698)
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability		(47,015)
Accrued Sick Leave		(61,360)
Net Position – As Restated December 31, 2017	<u>\$</u>	10,862,988
Net Position - Water & Sewer Fund - December 31, 2017 (as previously reported)	\$	8,877,677
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	-	(11,112)
Net Position – As Restated December 31, 2017	\$	8,866,565



Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Proport Net F	age's ion of the Pension /Liability	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability		Village's Covered Payroll		Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll		Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
Governmental Funds										
12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015 12/31/2014	0.00	725599% 708571% 679045% 672369%	\$	(215,440) 58,403 110,343 (165,152)	\$	931,294 949,299 875,225 837,346	1	3.13% 6.15% 2.61% 9.72%	102.93% 99.12% 98.20% 102.74%	
	Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*									
Village Year End Date	Req	actually juired butions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Pa	yroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
Governmental Funds										
12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015	\$	60,202 67,105 71,299 67,036	\$	60,202 67,105 71,299 67,036	\$	- - -	90 94	1,294 9,046 9,299 5,225	6.46% 7.38% 7.51% 7.66%	

^{*}The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the calendar year-end from the prior calendar year. Ten years of data will be accumulated beginning with 2014.

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Cost-Sharing Plan

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement	Village's Proportion of the Net OPEB	Village's Proportiona Share of the OPEB	ate	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB
Date)	Asset/Liability	(Asset)/Liab	ility Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
12/31/2017	0.02124300%	\$ 63,	911 \$ 893,329	7.15%	44.81%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Cost-Sharing Plan

Village Year End Date	Re	ractually quired ributions	Relati Cont Re	butions in ion to the ractually equired ributions	Defi	ribution ciency cess)	Cove	ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2018	\$	403	\$	403	\$	-	\$	893,329	0.05%

^{*}Ten years of data will be accumulated beginning with 2018.

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Ori	ginal & Final Budget		Actual Amounts	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES	•	200 470	•	000 447	•	0.045
Taxes	\$	896,172	\$	898,417	\$	2,245
Intergovernmental		715,570		715,018		(552)
Licenses and Permits		68,680		88,760 35,664		20,080
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		38,500		35,661		(2,839) 7,752
Public Charges for Services		230,361		238,113		
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		84,000 10,000		66,752 14,551		(17,248) 4,551
Investment Income Miscellaneous		•		7,848		4,948
		2,900				,,
Total Revenues		2,046,183		2,065,120		18,937
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		407,791		432,858		(25,067)
Public Safety		884,418		886,417		(1,999)
Public Works		447,762		423,485		24,277
Culture and Recreation		323,758		230,008		93,750
Health and Human Services		22,935		17,945		4,990
Conservation and Development		5,886		11,059		(5,173)
Capital Outlay		40,914		66,400		(25,486)
Total Expenditures		2,133,464		2,068,172		65,292
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES						
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(87,281)		(3,052)		84,229
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)						
Transfers In		33,097		33,097		-
Transfers Out		(40,000)		(40,000)		-
Total Other Financing Source (Use)		(6,903)		(6,903)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(94,184)		(9,955)		84,229
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,080,966		1,080,966		**
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	986,782	\$	1,071,011	\$	84,229

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
December 31, 2018

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes in the assumptions.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes in the assumptions.

Budgetary Process

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During October, Village management submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the
 calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
 and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to
 obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized
 additions and deletions, is legally enacted by Village Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
 activity or department of the Village. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
 management and are subsequently authorized by the Village Board.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds

The Village had the following function with an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2018.

General Government	\$ 25,067
Public Safety	1,999
Conservation and Development	5,173
Capital Outlay	25,486



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2018

	Capital Projects Funds			Funds	Special Revenue Funds					
			Housing and Neighborhood Conservation		Wisconsin Development Fund Grant		I	Total Nonmajor Funds		
ASSETS										
Restricted Cash	\$	4,060	\$	-	\$	23,998	\$	110,045	\$	138,103
Taxes Receivable		4,544				-		-		4,544
Loans Receivable		•		-		22,999		127,004		150,003
Due from Other Funds		-						19,006		19,006
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,604	\$	-	\$	46,997	\$	256,055	\$	311,656
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liability										
Accounts Payable	\$	98,312	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	98,312
Advances to Other Funds		43,275		12,358	***************************************	*				55,633
Total Liabilities		141,587		12,358						153,945
Deferred Infows of Resources										
Long-Term Receivables		-		-		22,999		127,004		150,003
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		8,604		-		•				8,604
Total Deferred Infow of Resources		8,604		-		22,999		127,004		158,607
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Nonspendable				-		-		19,006		19,006
Restricted				-		23,998		110,045		134,043
Unassigned		(141,587)		(12,358)		+		-		(153,945)
Total Fund Balance (Deficits)		(141,587)		(12,358)		23,998		129,051		(896)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
(DEFICITS)	\$	8,604	\$	-	\$	46,997	\$	256,055	\$	311,656

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Capital Projects Funds				Special Revenue Funds				
		TID #4 TID #5			Ne	ousing and lighborhood	De	/isconsin velopment und Grant	Total Nonmajor Funds	
REVENUES										
Loan Repayment	\$	•	\$	-	\$	8,000	\$	34,775	\$	42,775
Investment Income		-		-		-		1,711		1,711
Total Revenues		-		*		8,000		36,486		44,486
EXPENDITURES										
General Government		129,304		-		-	-	-		129,304
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS	5)	(129,304)		•		8,000		36,486		(84,818)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICITS)		(12,283)		(12,358)		15,998		92,565		83,922
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$	(141,587)	\$	(12,358)	\$	23,998	\$	129,051	\$	(896)

Schedule of Water and Wastewater Utility Operating Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES			
Sales:	Water	Wastewater	Total
Metered Sales:			***************************************
Residential	\$ 253,905	\$ 698,510	\$ 952,415
Commercial	32,015	133,945	165,960
Industrial	14,065	41,409	55,474
Public Authorities	19,395	66,969	86,364
Total Metered Sales	319,380	940,833	1,260,213
Public Fire Protection	168,554	**	168,554
Total Sales	487,934	940,833	1,428,767
Other Operating Revenues			
Customer Forfeited Discounts	1,809	5,073	6,882
Miscellaneous	-	26,375	26,375
Non Operating Income	26,758		26,758
Total Operating Revenues	516,501	972,281	1,488,782
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operation, Maintenance and General Expenses			
Operation and Maintenance Expenses:			
Supervision and Labor	42,954	62,189	105,143
Maintenance and Repairs of Water Plant	79,705	5,840	85,545
Power Purchased for Pumping	20,717	83,758	104,475
Chemicals	9,140	7,930	17,070
Operating Supplies and Expenses	5,889	37,903	43,792
Transportation Expenses	2,337	1,883	4,220
Total Operating and Maintenance Expenses	160,742	199,503	360,245
Administrative and General Expenses			
Administrative Salaries and Wages	44,525	44,429	88,954
Office Supplies and Expenses	5,523	5,523	11,046
Professional Services	6,078	32,136	38,214
Property Insurance	3,217	6,319	9,536
Employee Benefits	25,915	26,479	52,394
· ·	25,887	25,887	52,3 94 51,774
Billing, Collecting and Accounting	328	25,687	422
Meter Reading Miscellaneous	7,693	12,375	20,068

Total Administrative and General Expenses Total Operation, Maintenance and	119,166	153,242	272,408
·	270 009	252 745	632,653
General Expenses	279,908	352,745	032,033
Other Operating Expenses			
Depreciation	116,636	357,485	474,121
Taxes	9,958	10,579	20,537
Total Other Operating Expenses	126,594	368,064	494,658
Total Operating Expenses	406,502	720,809	1,127,311
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 109,999	\$ 251,472	\$ 361,471

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Comparison

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Original & Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE						
TAXES General Property Taxes	\$	891,842	\$	891,842	\$ -	
Other Taxes	*	4,280	*	4,914	634	
Interest on Taxes		50		1,661	1,611	
Total Taxes		896,172		898,417	2,245	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL						
Shared Revenues		467,233		467,299	66	
Fire Insurance Dues		8,400		8,371	(29)	
General Highway Aids		103,381		105,359	1,978	
Computer Aid		3,782		3,782	(mor)	
Police Training		1,225		430	(795)	
Managed Forest Crop		-		8	8	
Library County Aid		129,374		129,506	132	
Cemetery County Aid		175		263	88	
Other State Aids		2,000			(2,000)	
Total Intergovernmental		715,570		715,018	(552)	
LICENSES AND PERMITS		5,350		5,052	(298)	
Liquor and Malt Beverage Licenses		3,400		3,259	(141)	
Operators Licenses		3,400 75		3,239 75	(141)	
Cigarette Licenses		3,900		3,190	(710)	
Dog and Cat Licenses Building Permits		18,000		29,092	11,092	
Other Permits		2,365		4,070	1,705	
Water and Sewer Hookup Fees		4,090		11,884	7,794	
Cable Television		31,500		32,138	638	
Total Licenses and Permits		68,680		88,760	20,080	
FINES AND FORFEITS						
Court Penalties and Fines		37,500		33,752	(3,748)	
Parking Violations		1,000		1,909	909	
Total Fines and Forfeits		38,500		35,661	(2,839)	
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES						
Property Inquiry Fees		2,300		3,180	880	
License Publication Fees		300		580	280	
Refuse Collection Fees		124,800		125,840	1,040	
Recycling Cart Fees		294		940	646	
Cemetery Sales and Charges		9,500		13,150	3,650	
Library Fines		5,160		4,146	(1,014)	
Police Report Fees		300		454 146	154	
Miscellaneous Police Fees		310 28 575		146 36,375	(164) 7,800	
Ambulance Fees		28,575 9,750		36,375 9,289	(461)	
Community Hall Fees		9,750 34,750		30,431	(4,319)	
Recreation Fees Park Fees		13,792		11,264	(2,528)	
Copy Fees		100		1,461	1,361	
Miscellaneous Charges		200		693	493	
Election Services		230		164	(66)	
Total Public Charges for Services		230,361		238,113	7,752	
TOTALL WORK ORIGINACE TOLOCITIONS					.,,	

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Comparison - Continued General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original & Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Police Liaison Officer Contract	\$ 84,000	\$ 66,752	\$ (17,248)	
INVESTMENT INCOME: Investment Income	10,000	14,551	4,551	
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES Miscellaneous General Revenue Donations Sale of Equipment and Land	500 1,650 750	5,370 2,478	4,870 828 (750) 4,948	
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	2,900	7,848	4,940	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Transfers In	33,097	33,097		
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	2,079,280	2,098,217	18,937	
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USE GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Current: Village Board	14,639	15.629	(990)	
Municipal Court	39,130	43,483	(4,353)	
Legal	22,303	38,917	(16,614)	
Administrative	189,450	215,171	(25,721)	
Elections	17,550	8,017	9,533	
Finance	7,775	20,441	(12,666)	
Assessor	6,246	6,050	196	
Village Hall Expenses	12,784	22,785	(10,001)	
Property and Liability Insurance	97,914	55,964	41,950	
Tax Refund	-	3,096 3,305	(3,096) (3,305)	
Miscellaneous				
Total General Government	407,791	432,858	(25,067)	
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police Operations	588,341	586,488	1,853	
Crossing Guards	12,140	13,049	(909)	
Fire Protection	70,013	69,978	35	
Public Fire Protection	168,554	168,554	-	
Inspection	16,798	19,786	(2,988)	
Ambulance	28,222	28,222		
Emergency Government	350	340	10	
Total Public Safety	884,418	886,417	(1,999)	

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Comparison - Continued General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Original & Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
PUBLIC WORKS Public Works Administration Street Maintenance Street Lighting Snow Removal Sidewalks Dams and Bridges Storm Water Management Sanitation Landfill/Compost/Brush Weed and Nuisance Control	\$	1,522 235,055 44,036 43,292 4,036 - 1,786 110,074 7,661 300	\$	7,677 204,724 42,559 51,498 1,400 (3,770) 846 110,671 7,880	\$	(6,155) 30,331 1,477 (8,206) 2,636 3,770 940 (597) (219) 300	
Total Public Works		447,762		423,485		24,277	
CULTURE AND RECREATION Library Community Hall Parks and Playgrounds General Recreation		202,980 17,681 62,294 40,803		125,539 17,693 52,087 34,689		77,441 (12) 10,207 6,114	
Total Culture and Recreation		323,758		230,008		93,750	
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Cemetery Animal Control Total Heath and Human Services		21,635 1,300 22,935	**********	17,080 865 17,945		4,555 435 4,990	
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT Planning Urban Development Economic Development Total Conservation and Development		3,000 2,450 436 5,886		8,007 644 2,408 11,059		(5,007) 1,806 (1,972) (5,173)	
CAPITAL OUTLAY Culture and Recreation		40,914		66,400		(25,486)	
Total Expenditures		2,133,464		2,068,172		65,292	
OTHER FINANCING USE Transfers Out		40,000		40,000		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(94,184)		(9,955)		84,229	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,080,966		1,080,966		_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	986,782	\$	1,071,011	\$	84,229	

